Monthly Market Summary



July 2022



Summary: Gains for stocks and bonds

Capital markets rebounded modestly in July: global equities rose by 7.0% (US dollar terms), after touching a year-to-date low last month. Global government bonds also rose by 1.9% (US dollar terms, unhedged). Key themes included:

- The Fed continued and the ECB started its tightening cycle;
- Growth momentum slowed and headline inflation rates touched new highs;
- Chinese stocks underperformed, as property market distress resurfaced.

Despite ongoing global growth and inflation concerns, volatility – particularly for stocks – eased in July. US equities rose by over 9%, driven by a big surge in 'growth' technology-like stocks. Geopolitical concerns persisted: a promising grain export deal was overshadowed by a Russian port attack; while reduced gas supplies through Nord Stream 1 were curtailed even further (European natural gas prices jumped to fresh highs). In other commodity markets, Brent Crude still fell by 4.2% to \$110/bl in July, while some industrial metals continued to struggle: copper was down 3.9%. Gold only fell by 2.3%, but briefly dipped below \$1700/oz.

US: Recession risks; inflation surprise; Fed hikes by 75bps again

The US economy entered a technical (though modest) recession during the second quarter, as real GDP fell by 0.2% (non-annualised). Growth concerns pushed the benchmark 10-year Treasury yield lower to 2.65%: the gap with the 2-year yield inverted (again) to its lowest reading since 2000. The Fed continued its hiking cycle, raising its main policy rate by another 75bps to 2.25%-2.5%, after the headline inflation rate reached another multi-decade high of 9.1% (y/y) in June. On Capitol Hill, the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 – focusing on tax, energy and climate change – appears to have gained momentum, ahead of November's midterm elections. Earnings season commenced, with three quarters of companies ahead of EPS expectations (as of 29 July).

Europe: Growth continues; ECB exits negative rates; Draghi resigns

The euro area's economy expanded by 0.7% in the previous quarter, though the timelier Composite PMI fell into contraction territory in July. Inflation continued to hit fresh highs in the eurozone (8.9%), UK (9.4%) and Switzerland (3.4%). The ECB raised its deposit rate by a larger-than-expected 50bps to 0%, its first hike since 2011. It also unveiled its 'Transmission Protection Instrument' (TPI) designed to prevent peripheral borrowing costs from widening. The euro briefly fell below parity against the US dollar – before partially reversing – and the 10-year Italian-German government bond (BTP-bund) spread touched 240bps, almost surpassing its June high. Mario Draghi resigned as Italian PM (early election in late September), while mounting political pressure forced Boris Johnson to announce his departure as UK PM (from early September).

ROW: China risks; PBoC intervenes; Abe tragedy

Chinese equities underperformed this month: the CSI 300 and Hang Seng were down by 6.3% and 7.3%, respectively. Housing market fears were back in focus, amid mortgage protests and property developer default concerns. In response, Beijing announced it would mobilise \$148bn of loans for stalled property developments: banks will use loans from the PBoC to refinance real estate projects. Covid cases also rose to their highest level since May. In Japan, former Prime Minister Shinzo Abe was tragically assassinated.

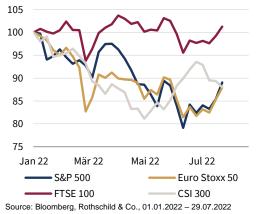
| Fixed Income | Yield | MTD % | YTD % |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| US 10 Yr | 2.65% | 3.1% | -8.0% |
| UK 10 Yr | 1.86% | 3.2% | -5.5% |
| Swiss 10 Yr | 0.44% | 4.8% | -3.2% |
| German 10 Yr | 0.81% | 5.0% | -7.0% |
| Global IG (hdg \$) | 3.89% | 3.4% | -10.0% |
| Global HY (hdg \$) | 8.53% | 4.5% | -11.4% |
| Equity Index | Level | MTD % | YTD % |
| MSCI World (\$) | 332 | 7.0% | -14.6% |
| S&P 500 | 4,130 | 9.2% | -12.6% |
| MSCI UK | 13,575 | 3.5% | 5.3% |
| SMI | 11,146 | 3.8% | -11.1% |
| Euro Stoxx 50 | 3,708 | 7.5% | -11.2% |
| DAX | 13,484 | 5.5% | -15.1% |
| CAC | 6,449 | 9.0% | -7.4% |
| Hang Seng | 20,157 | -7.3% | -11.8% |
| MSCI EM (\$) | 500 | -0.2% | -17.8% |
| Currencies (trade-weighted) | | MTD % | YTD % |
| US Dollar | | 0.6% | 6.3% |
| Euro | | -0.8% | -2.8% |
| Yen | | 2.9% | -9.9% |
| Pound Sterling | | 1.7% | -2.1% |
| Swiss Franc | | 1.6% | 4.1% |
| Chinese Yuan | | 0.2% | 1.4% |
| Commodities | Level | MTD % | YTD % |
| Gold (\$/oz) | 1,766 | -2.3% | -3.5% |
| Brent (\$/bl) | 110.01 | -4.2% | 41.4% |
| Copper (\$/t) | 7,931 | -3.9% | -18.6% |

Performance figures (as of 29/07/2022 in local currency)

Source: Bloomberg, Rothschild & Co

Stock market indices

(YTD total returns, local currency, Jan '22 base)





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